## TOSHIBA <br> Leading Innovation >>>

# GR-200 Series GRB 200 

Busbar Protection IED


## GR-200 series -

The GR-200 Series is Toshiba's next generation of protection and control IED's, designed for transmission/distribution networks and providing a platform for distributed and renewable energy systems and railway applications. Flexible adaptation is enabled using extensive hardware and modular software combinations facilitating an application oriented solution.

## Meeting your needs -

Extensive hardware and modular software combinations provide the flexibility to meet your application and engineering requirements.
Future upgrade paths and minor modifications are readily achievable on demand.

## Powerful and wide application -

In addition to protection \& control, GR-200 has been designed to meet the challenges and take advantage of developments in information \& communications technology.

## APPLICATION

GRB200 low impedance differential relay for busbar protection is implemented on Toshiba's next generation GR-200 series IED platform and has been designed to provide very reliable, high speed and selective protection for various types of busbar system. This powerful and user-friendly IED will provide you with the flexibility to meet your application and engineering requirements, in addition to offering outstanding performance, high quality and operational peace of mind.

- GRB200 can be applied for various busbar systems.
- Single busbars with/without transfer busbar
- Double busbars with/without transfer busbar
- Ring busbars with/without transfer busbar
- One and a half busbar
- Four bus-coupler busbar
- GRB200 can detect phase and earth faults on the protected busbar by employing a phase segregated current differential scheme. A maximum of 64 three-phase currents can be input from feeders, sections and bus-couplers, which can correctly distinguish between internal and external faults even in the event of CT saturation.
- Circuit breaker failure protection, end zone protection and blind zone protection are also available.
- Backup overcurrent and earth fault protections are provided as options in each bay.
- Communications
- Within a substation automation system or to a remote control centre, IEC 61850-8-1 [Station bus], Modbus® RTU protocol and IEC 60870-5-103.


## FEATURES

- Application

GRB200 can be applied for various busbar systems.

- Single busbars with/without transfer busbar
- Double busbars with/without transfer busbar
- Ring busbars with/without transfer busbar
- One and a half busbar
- Four bus-coupler busbar

GRB200 incorporates a single central unit (CU) and bay units (BU). The CU performs current differential protection. The BU is a terminal used to acquire analogue data from each CT which is converted to digital data for transmission to the CU via optical fiber for the differential protection. The BU also receives the trip command from the CU and performs tripping of the circuit breaker. The CU can be provided with an optional voltage check element.
Centralized or Decentralized installation is available.

A system installation example is shown in Figure 1.

## - Functionality

- Eight settings groups
- Automatic supervision
- Metering and recording functions
- Time synchronization by external clock such as IRIG-B and system network
- Communication
- System interface - RS485, Fiber optic, 100BASE-TX,-FX
- Multi protocol - DNP3.0, Modbus® RTU, IEC 60870-5-103 and IEC 61850


## - Security

- Password protection


## - Flexibility

- Various models and hardware options for flexible application depending on system requirement and controlled object
- Combined 1A / 5A current inputs
- Multi range DC power supply: 24 to 60V / 60 to $110 \mathrm{~V} / 110$ to 250 V
- Multi-language options
- Configurable binary inputs and outputs
- Programmable control, trip and alarm logic with PLC tool software
- Human Machine Interface
- Graphical LCD and 24 LEDs
- 7 configurable function keys
- USB port for local PC connection
- Direct control buttons for open/close (O/I) and control authority (43R/L)
- Help key for supporting operation
- Monitoring terminals for testing


Figure 1 System Installation Example

## FUNCTIONS

- Protection
- Low impedance differential protection for up to 8 discriminating zones and check zone
- Percentage restrained characteristic ensures stability against external faults
- Countermeasure for CT saturation
- Available for busbar with different CT ratio
- Dynamic busbar replica
- BU out of service
- Circuit breaker failure protection
- End zone protection and blind zone protection
- Backup Overcurrent and Earth fault protection
- Independent voltage check element (option)


## - Monitoring

- CT failure detection
- Status and condition monitoring of primary apparatus
- Switchgear operation monitoring
- Plausibility check
- Measurement of I, V(option) and f
- Measurement and supervision of individual and total harmonic content up to 15th, sag, swell, interruption
- Current and voltage circuit supervision


## - HMI function

- Selection of HMI: Standard LCD / large LCD
- Large LCD supports single line diagram indication or multi-language option
- 24 configurable tri-state LEDs selectable red/green/yellow
- 7 Programmable function keys for user configurable operation


## - Recording

- Fault record
- Event record
- Disturbance record


## - Communication

- IEC 60870-5-103 / IEC 61850
- Modbus® RTU / Modbus® TCP/IP
- General functions
- Eight settings groups
- Automatic supervision
- Metering and recording functions
- Time synchronization by external clock using IRIG-B or system network
- Password protection for settings and selection of local / remote control
- Checking internal circuit by forcible signal.
- Checking internal circuit using monitoring jacks.


## PROTECTION

## - Busbar Differential Protection

GRB200 applies current differential protection for each individual busbar zone, which are sectioned by the bus section and buscoupler switches (discriminating zone protection), as well as for the overall busbar system (check zone protection)

The discriminating zone protection, inputs current and disconnector position signals from feeders, transformer banks, busbar sections and buscouplers which are connected to the protected zone, and outputs trip signals to all the circuit breakers of the zone. The zone covered by the discriminating zone protection depends on the busbar configuration and varies with open/close status of the disconnectors. GRB200 introduces a replica setting which identifies which circuit is connected to which zone and follows changes in busbar operation. Up to eight zone protections are available by employing relevant input currents and disconnector signals.

The check zone protection inputs currents from all feeder bays and transformer banks and performs overall differential protection for the entire busbar system and outputs trip signals to all the circuit breakers. As the protection does not use the disconnector position signals, the check zone protection is very secure against such false operation in the no-fault and through fault conditions.

By using these two protections, GRB200 ensures a very reliable protection for various types of busbar system.

Figure 2 shows a typical application to a double busbar system. DIFCH is the check zone protection which covers all busbars. DIFZA and DIFZB are the discriminating zone protections for busbars $A$ and $B$ respectively. The voltage elements UVSFA, UVSFB, UVGFA, UVGFB, OVGFA and OVGFB can be provided for each busbar as the voltage check function (optional).

Figure 3 shows the scheme logic with check zone protection, discriminating zone protections and voltage check function for a double busbar system.


Figure 2 Typical Application to Double Busbar System


Figure 3 Scheme Logic with Check Zone, Discriminating Zone and Voltage Check

- Discriminating zone and check zone elements The check zone element (DIFCH) and discriminating zone elements (DIFZA - DIFZD) are based on the current differential principle and have a differential characteristic for the small current region, and a percentage restraint characteristic for the large current region to cope with erroneous differential current caused by a through-fault current.

The characteristics are shown in Figure 4, and each zone (DIFCH, DIFZA - DIFZD) and each phase (A, B, $C$ phase) have these characteristics respectively.


Figure 4 Characteristic of Current Differential Element

The minimum operating current (ldk) and the percent slope (k) of the restraint characteristic in the large current region are user-programmable.

CT saturation under external fault conditions can be a serious problem for busbar protection. GRB200 overcomes the CT saturation problem by using a "CT saturation detection" function. When an external fault occurs, a very large erroneous current may be caused by CT saturation. However, once the CT saturates, there is a short period of several milliseconds of non-saturation between the saturation periods in a cycle. By detecting this non-saturation period, the current differential element can be blocked to prevent false operation arising from CT saturation.


Figure 5 Waveform for CT saturation

## - Breaker Failure Protection

Phase-segregated breaker failure protection is provided for each bay and can be initiated by either an internal or external signal.

When an overcurrent element remains in operation after a tripping signal has been issued the breaker is judged to have failed and a 2 stage CBF sequence is initiated. The first stage issues a re-trip command to the circuit breaker. If this also fails then the command to backtrip adjacent circuit breakers is executed. The overcurrent element has a high-speed reset time.

GRB200 has two kinds of timer for Breaker Failure Protection. One timer is used for re-trip, the other timer is used for CBF trip.

A remote transfer trip is provided for feeder circuits.

## - End zone and Blind Zone Protection

This function is provided to cater for circumstances when a dead zone or blind zone is created between the CB and the associated CT.

End zone protection detects a fault located between the CB and the associated CT when the CB is open. Depending on the location of the $C T$, either the busbar section CB is tripped or an intertrip is sent to the CB at the remote end of the line.

Blind zone protection is used to detect and trip for faults located between the bus-section CB and the associated CT for the arrangement when the CT is installed on one side of the CB only.

## - BU out-of-Service Function

GRB200 provides a BU out-of-service function for maintenance purposes. When a particular BU is set to out-of-service condition, it is excluded from the operation of the protection scheme.

## - Voltage Check Function (Option)

GRB200 can enhance security against false tripping due to a failure in a CT or CT secondary circuits by the provision of a voltage check element in the form of a check relay with circuits that are independent from other circuits:

The voltage check function incorporates the following elements.

- Undervoltage element for earth fault detection
- Undervoltage element for phase fault detection
- Zero-phase overvoltage element for earth fault detection


## - Backup Overcurrent and Earth Fault Protection (Option)

Backup overcurrent and earth fault protection are provided in each bay. Each provides two stage overcurrent and earth fault protection respectively, and can be set to either a definite time or an inverse time characteristic.

The inverse time overcurrent elements are available in conformity with the IEC 60255-151 standard which encompasses both the IEC and IEEE/ANSI standard characteristics. Alternatively, a user-configurable curve may be created.

The definite time overcurrent protection is enabled by the instantaneous overcurrent element and pickup-delay timer.

## HMI FUNCTION

## - Front Panel

GRB200 provides the following front panel options.

- Standard LCD
- Large LCD

The standard LCD panel incorporates the user interfaces listed below. Setting the relay and viewing stored data are possible using the Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) and operation keys.

- 21 character, 8 line LCD with back light
- Support of English language


Figure 6 HMI Panel (large LCD type)

- The large LCD panel incorporates the user interfaces listed below:40 character, 40 line LCD with back light
- Support of multi language (option)
(20 character and 26 line LCD for multi-language)
The local human machine interface includes an LCD which can display the single line diagram for the bay (option).

The local human machine interface is simple and easy to understand with the following facilities and indications.

- Status indication LEDs (IN SERVICE, ERROR and 24 configurable LEDs)
- 7 Function keys for control, monitoring, setting group change and screen jump functions of which operation is configurable by the user
- Test terminals which can monitor three different signals from the front panel without connection to the rear terminals.
- USB port


## - Local PC connection

The user can communicate with GRB200 from a local PC via the USB port on the front panel. Using GR-200 series engineering tool software (called GR-TIEMS), the user can view, change settings and monitor real-time measurements.

## MONITORING

## - Metering

The following power system data is measured continuously and can be displayed on the LCD on the relay fascia, and on a local or remotely connected PC.

- Measured analog currents, voltages (option) and frequency.

The accuracy of analog measurement is $\pm 0.5 \%$ for I, V at rated input and $\pm 0.03 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for frequency measurement.

## Status Monitoring

The open or closed status of each switchgear device and failure information concerning power apparatus and control equipment are monitored by GRB200.

Both normally open and normally closed contacts are used to monitor the switchgear status. If an unusual status is detected, a switchgear abnormality alarm is generated.

## ■ Event Record

Continuous event-logging is useful for monitoring of the system from an overview perspective and is a complement to specific disturbance recorder functions. Up to 1,024 time-tagged events are stored with 1 ms resolution.

## - Fault records

Information about the pre-fault and fault values for currents and voltages are recorded and displayed for trip event confirmation. The most recent 8 time-tagged faults with 1 ms resolution are stored. Fault record items are as follows.

- Date and time
- Faulted phase
- Phases tripped
- Tripping mode
- Pre-fault and post-fault current and voltage data (phase, symmetrical components)


## Disturbance records

The Disturbance Recorder function supplies fast, complete and reliable information for disturbances in the power system. It facilitates understanding of system behavior and performance of related primary and secondary equipment during and after a disturbance.

The Disturbance Recorder acquires sampled data from all selected analogue inputs and binary signals. The data can be stored in COMTRADE format.

## COMMUNICATION

## - Station bus

Ethernet port(s) for the substation communication standards IEC 61850, DNP3.0 and Modbus® RTU are provided for the station bus.

Serial ports for communicating with legacy equipment or protection relays over IEC 60870-5-103, or Modbus® RTU are provided. GRB200 can function as a protocol converter to connect to a Substation Automation System.

## - Serial communication

## GENERAL FUNCTION

## - Self supervision

Automatic self-supervision of internal circuits and software is provided. In the event of a failure being detected, the ALARM LED on the front panel is illuminated, the 'UNIT FAILURE' binary output operates, and the date and time of the failure is recorded in the event record.

## - Time synchronization

Current time can be provided with time synchronization via the station bus by SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) with the IEC 61850 protocol.

## - Setting groups

8 settings groups are provided, allowing the user to set one group for normal conditions, while the other
groups may be set to cover alternative operating conditions.

## Password protection

Password protection is available for the execution of setting changes, clearing records and switching between local/remote controls.

## Simulation and test

GRB200 provides simulation and test functions to check control functions without modification to wiring provided by a dummy circuit breaker (virtual equipment), and the capability to test communication signals by forced signal status change.

The simulation and test functions can work in the Test mode only

## TOOLS \& ACCESSORY

The PC interface GR-TIEMS allows users to access GRB200 and other Toshiba GR-200 series IEDs from a local personal computer (PC) to view on-line or stored data, to change settings, to edit the LCD screen, to configure sequential logics and for other purposes.

## Remote Setting And Monitoring

The engineering tool supports functions to change settings and to view and analyze fault and disturbance records stored in GRB200. Waveform data in the disturbance records can be displayed, edited, measured and analyzed in detail. The advanced version of the engineering tool can provide additional and powerful analysis tools and setting calculation support functions.


Figure 7 PC Display of GR-TIEMS

## LCD Configuration

The user can configure and customize the MIMIC data displayed on the LCD of GRB200 using GR-TIEMS software.


Figure 8 PC Display of MIMIC configuration

## Programmable Logic Editor

The programmable logic capability allows the user to configure flexible logic for customized application and operation. Configurable binary inputs, binary outputs and LEDs are also programmed by the programmable logic editor. This complies with IEC61131-3 standard.


Figure 9 PC display of PLC editor

| HARDWARE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Analog Inputs |  |
| Rated current In <br> Rated voltage Vn <br> Rated Frequency <br> Overload Rating <br> Current inputs <br> Voltage inputs | 1A / 5A (selectable by user) <br> 100 V to 120 V <br> $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (selectable by user) <br> 4 times rated current continuous <br> 5 times rated current for 3 mins <br> 6 times rated current for 2 mins <br> 30 times rated current for 10 sec <br> 100 times rated current for 1 second <br> 250 times rated current for one power cycle ( 20 or 16.6 ms ) <br> 2 times rated voltage continuous <br> 2.5 times rated voltage for 1 second |
| Burden <br> Phase current inputs <br> Earth current inputs <br> Sensitive earth fault inputs <br> Voltage inputs | $\begin{array}{ll} \leq 0.1 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \ln =1 \mathrm{~A}, & \leq 0.2 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \ln =5^{\circ} \\ \leq 0.3 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \ln =1 \mathrm{~A}, & \leq 0.4 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \ln =5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \leq 0.3 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \ln =1 \mathrm{~A}, & \leq 0.4 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \ln =5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \leq 0.1 \mathrm{VA} \text { at } \mathrm{Vn} & \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Power Supply |  |
| Rated auxiliary voltage <br> Superimposed AC ripple on DC supply <br> Supply interruption <br> Restart time <br> Power consumption | $24 / 48 / 60 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (Operative range: $19.2-72 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ), <br> $48 / 110 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (Operative range: $38.4-132 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ), <br> $110 / 250 \mathrm{Vdc}$ or $100 / 220 \mathrm{Vac}$ (Operative range: $88-300 \mathrm{Vdc}$ or $80-230 \mathrm{Vac}$ ) <br> $\leq 15 \%$ <br> $\leq 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ at 110 Vdc <br> $<5 \mathrm{~ms}$ <br> $\leq 15 \mathrm{~W}$ (quiescent) <br> $\leq 25 \mathrm{~W}$ (maximum) |
| Binary Inputs |  |
| Input circuit DC voltage <br> Capacitive discharge immunity <br> Maximum permitted voltage <br> Power consumption | 24/48/60Vdc (Operating range: $19.2-72 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ), <br> $48 / 110 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (Operating range: $38.4-132 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ), <br> $110 / 125 / 220 / 250 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (Operating range: $88-300 \mathrm{Vdc}$ ) <br> Note: Variable threshold settings are available for BI2 from 14 V to 154 V in various steps. <br> $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ charged to maximum supply voltage and discharged into the input terminals, according to ENA TS 48-4 with an external resistor <br> 72 Vdc for $24 / 48 / 60 \mathrm{Vdc}$ rating, <br> 300 Vdc for $110 / 250 \mathrm{Vdc}$ rating <br> $\leq 0.5 \mathrm{~W}$ per input at 220 Vdc |
| Binary Outputs |  |
| Fast operating contacts Make and carry <br> Break <br> Operating time | 5A continuously 30A, 290Vdc for 0.2 s (L/R=5ms) $0.15 \mathrm{~A}, 290 \mathrm{Vdc}(\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms})$ 2 ms |
| Semi-fast operating contacts Make and carry <br> Break <br> Operating time | 8A continuously <br> $10 \mathrm{~A}, 110 \mathrm{Vdc}$ for 0.5 s ( $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=5 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) <br> $0.13 \mathrm{~A}, 110 \mathrm{Vdc}(\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms})$ <br> 4 ms |


| Auxiliary contacts |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Make and carry | 8A continuously |
|  | 10A, 110Vdc for 0.5 s (L/R=5ms) |
| Break | $0.13 \mathrm{~A}, 110 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (L/R=40ms) |
| Operating time | 9 ms |
| Hybrid contacts (10 A breaking) |  |
| Make and carry | 8A continuously |
|  | 10A, 220Vdc for 0.5 s (L/R=5ms) |
| Break | $10 \mathrm{~A}, 220 \mathrm{Vdc}$ (L/R=20ms) |
|  | $10 \mathrm{~A}, 110 \mathrm{Vdc}(\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}=40 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) |
| Operating time | 1 ms |
| Durability | $\geq 10,000$ operations (loaded contact) |
|  | $\geq 100,000$ operations (unloaded contact) |
| Measuring input capability |  |
| Full scale |  |
| Standard current input | $\geq 60 \mathrm{~A}$ (1A rating) or 300A (5A rating) |
| Voltage input | $\geq 200 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Sampling rate | 48 samples / cycle |
| Frequency response | $<5 \%$ deviation over range 16.7 Hz to 600 Hz |
| Mechanical Design |  |
| Installation <br> Weight <br> Case color | Flush mounting |
|  | Approx. 10kg (1/3 size), 12kg (1/2 size), 25kg (1/1 size) |
|  | 2.5Y7.5/1 (approximation to Munsell value) |
| LED |  |
| Number Color | 26 (Fixed for "In service" and "ERROR") |
|  | Red / Yellow / Green (configurable) except "In service" (green) and "Error" (red) |
| Function keys |  |
| Number | 7 |
| Local Interface |  |
| USB <br> Maximum cable length | Type B |
|  | 2m (max.) |
| System Interface (rear port) |  |
| 100BASE-TX <br> Physical medium 100BASE-FX <br> Physical medium Protocol | Fast Ethernet |
|  | Twisted pair cable, RJ-45 connector |
|  | Fast Ethernet |
|  | 50/125 or 62.5/125 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ fibre, SC connector |
|  | IEC61850 or Modbus® RTU |
| CU to BU communication |  |
| Type: <br> Connector: <br> Cable: | GI optical fibre |
|  | ST connector |
|  | Graded-index multi-mode $50 / 125 \mu$ s or $62.5 / 125 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Serial communication (rear port) |  |
| RS485 | Protocol |
|  | IEC 60870-5-103 or Modbus® RTU |
| Fiber optical | Protocol |
|  | IEC 60870-5-103 |
| Terminal Block |  |
| CT/VT input | M3.5 Ring terminal |
| Binary input, Binary output | M3.5 terminal with 15 mm stripping length (for compression type terminal) <br> M3.5 Ring terminal (for ring lug type terminal) |

## FUNCTIONAL DATA

| Current Differential Protection (87B) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Minimum operating current (DIFCH, DIFZ): \% slope (SLPCH, SLPZ): <br> Primary rating of CT: | 500 to 3000A in 1A steps (CT primary amps) <br> 0.30 to 0.90 in 0.1 steps <br> 100 to 10000A in 1A steps |
| Circuit Breaker Failure Protection (50BF) |  |
| Overcurrent element (OCB): <br> BF timer for retrip of failed breaker: <br> BF timer for related breaker trip: <br> Operating time of overcurrent element <br> Resetting time of overcurrent element <br> Accuracy of overcurrent element: <br> DO/PU ratio: | 0.1 to 2.0 times of current rating in 0.1 steps <br> 0 to 500 ms in 1 ms steps <br> 50 to 500 ms in 1 ms steps <br> less than 20 ms at 50 Hz or less than 17 ms at 60 Hz <br> less than 15 ms at 50 Hz or less than 13 ms at 60 Hz $\pm 5 \%( \pm 10 \% \text { at } \mathrm{I}<0.5 \times \ln )$ <br> 0.8 |
| Voltage Check Function |  |
| Undervoltage element (UVGF): <br> Undervoltage element (UVSF): <br> Zero-phase overvoltage element (OVGF): <br> Undervoltage change detection element (UVDF) | 20 to 60 V in 1 V steps <br> 60 to 100 V in 1 V steps <br> 0.1 to 10.0 V in 0.1 V steps <br> 0.07 times voltage before fault |
| Phase Overcurrent Protection ( 50,51 ) |  |
| Definite time overcurrent element <br> Pick up level (OC) <br> Delay time (TOC) <br> Operating time <br> Inverse time overcurrent element <br> Pick up level (OCI) <br> Time multiplier (TOCI) <br> Characteristic <br> Reset type <br> Reset Definite delay <br> Reset Time Multiplier Setting RTMS | ```0.02 to 50.00 pu in 0.01 pu steps 0.00 to 10.00 s in 0.01 s steps typical 30 ms (without delay time) 0.02 to 5.00 pu in 0.01 pu steps 0.010 to 50.00 in 0.01 steps IEC-NI / IEC-VI / IEC-EI / UK-LTI / IEEE-MI / IEEE-VI / IEEE-EI / US-CO2 / US-CO8 / Original Definite Time or Dependent Time 0.0 to 300.0 s in 0.1 s steps 0.010 to 50.000 in 0.001 steps``` |
| Earth Fault Protection (50N, 51N) |  |
| Definite time overcurrent element <br> Pick up level (EF) <br> Delay time (TEF) <br> Operating time <br> Inverse time overcurrent element <br> Pick up level (EFI) <br> Time multiplier (TEFI) <br> Characteristic <br> Reset type <br> Reset Definite delay <br> Reset Time Multiplier Setting RTMS | 0.02 to 50.00 pu in 0.01 pu steps <br> 0.00 to 10.00 s in 0.01 s steps <br> typical 30 ms (without delay time) <br> 0.02 to 5.00 pu in 0.01 pu steps <br> 0.010 to 50.00 in 0.01 steps <br> IEC-NI / IEC-VI / IEC-EI / UK-LTI / IEEE-MI / IEEE-VI / IEEE-EI / <br> US-CO2 / US-CO8 / Original <br> Definite Time or Dependent Time <br> 0.0 to 300.0 s in 0.1 s steps <br> 0.010 to 50.000 in 0.001 steps |
| Metering Function |  |


| Current | Accuracy $\pm 0.5 \%$ (at rating) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Voltage | Accuracy $\pm 0.5 \%$ (at rating) |
| Frequency | Accuracy $\pm 0.03 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Time Synchronisation |  |
| Protocol | SNTP |

## ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

| Atmospheric Environment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IEC 60068-2-1/2 } \\ & \text { IEC 60068-2-14 } \end{aligned}$ | Operating range: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. <br> Storage / Transit: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. <br> Cyclic temperature test as per IEC 60068-2-14 |
| Humidity | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IEC 60068-2-30 } \\ & \text { IEC 60068-2-78 } \end{aligned}$ | 56 days at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $93 \%$ relative humidity. Cyclic temperature with humidity test as per IEC 60068-2-30 |
| Enclosure Protection | IEC 60529 | IP52 - Dust and Dripping Water Proof IP20 for rear panel |
| Mechanical Environment |  |  |
| Vibration | IEC 60255-21-1 | Response - Class 1 <br> Endurance - Class 1 |
| Shock and Bump | IEC 60255-21-2 | Shock Response Class 1 <br> Shock Withstand Class 1 <br> Bump Class 1 |
| Seismic | IEC 60255-21-3 | Class 1 |
| Electrical Environment |  |  |
| Dielectric Withstand | IEC 60255-5 | 2 kVrms for 1 minute between all terminals and earth. <br> 2 kVrms for 1 minute between independent circuits. <br> 1 kVrms for 1 minute across normally open contacts. |
| High Voltage Impulse | IEC 60255-5 <br> IEEE C37.90 | Three positive and three negative impulses of 5 kV (peak), $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 0.5 \mathrm{~J}$ between all terminals and between all terminals and earth. |
| Voltage Dips, Interruptions, Variations and Ripple on DC supply | IEC 60255-11, <br> IEC 61000-4-29, <br> IEC 61000-4-17 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | 1. Voltage dips: <br> $0 \%$ residual voltage for 20 ms <br> $40 \%$ residual voltage for 200 ms <br> $70 \%$ residual voltage for 500 ms <br> 2. Voltage interruptions: <br> 0 \% residual voltage for 5 s <br> 3. Ripple: <br> $15 \%$ of rated d.c. value, $100 / 120 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> 4. Gradual shut-down / start-up: <br> 60 s shut-down ramp, 5 min power off, 60s start-up ramp <br> 5. Reversal of d.c. power supply polarity: 1 min |
| Capacitive Discharge | ENA TS 48-4 | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ charged to maximum supply voltage and discharged into the input terminals with an external resistance |

## Electromagnetic Environment

| High Frequency Disturbance / Damped Oscillatory Wave | IEC 60255-22-1 Class 3, IEC 61000-4-18 IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | 1 MHz burst in common / differential modes Auxiliary supply and I/O ports: $2.5 \mathrm{kV} / 1 \mathrm{kV}$ Communications ports: $1 \mathrm{kV} / 0 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electrostatic Discharge | IEC 60255-22-2 Class 4, IEC 61000-4-2 <br> IEEE C37.90.3-2001 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | Contact: $2,4,6,8 \mathrm{kV}$ <br> Air: 2, 4, 8, 15kV |
| Radiated RF Electromagnetic Disturbance | IEC 60255-22-3, <br> IEC 61000-4-3 Level 3 IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | Sweep test ranges: 80 MHz to 1 GHz and 1.4 GHz to 2.7 GHz . <br> Spot tests at 80, 160, 380, 450, 900, 1850 and 2150 MHz . <br> Field strength: $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| Radiated RF <br> Electromagnetic <br> Disturbance | IEEE C37.90.2-1995 | Field strength $35 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ for frequency sweep of 25 MHz to 1 GHz . |
| Fast Transient Disturbance | IEC 60255-22-4 <br> IEC 61000-4-4 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | $5 \mathrm{kHz}, 5 / 50 \mathrm{~ns}$ disturbance <br> Auxiliary supply and input / output ports: 4 kV <br> Communications ports: 2 kV |
| Surge Immunity | IEC 60255-22-5 <br> IEC 61000-4-5 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | $1.2 / 50 \mu \mathrm{~ms}$ surge in common/differential modes: <br> Auxiliary supply and input / output ports: 4, 2, $1,0.5 \mathrm{kV} / 1,0.5 \mathrm{kV}$ <br> Communications ports: up to $1,0.5 \mathrm{kV} / 0 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Surge Withstand | IEEE C37.90.1-2002 | $3 \mathrm{kV}, 1 \mathrm{MHz}$ damped oscillatory wave $4 \mathrm{kV}, 5 / 50 \mathrm{~ns}$ fast transient |
| Conducted RF <br> Electromagnetic <br> Disturbance | IEC 60255-22-6 <br> IEC 61000-4-6 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | Sweep test range: 150 kHz to 80 MHz <br> Spot tests at 27 and 68 MHz . <br> Voltage level: 10 V r.m.s |
| Power Frequency Disturbance | IEC 60255-22-7 <br> IEC 61000-4-16 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ disturbance for 10 s in common / differential modes <br> Binary input ports: $300 \mathrm{~V} / 150 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Power Frequency Magnetic Field | IEC 61000-4-8 Class 4 IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | Field applied at $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ with strengths of: 30A/m continuously, $300 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m}$ for 1 second. |
| Conducted and Radiated Emissions | IEC 60255-25 <br> EN 55022 Class A, <br> EN 61000-6-4 <br> IEC 60255-26 Ed 3 | Conducted emissions: <br> 0.15 to 0.50 MHz : $<79 \mathrm{~dB}$ (peak) or $<66 \mathrm{~dB}$ (mean) <br> 0.50 to $30 \mathrm{MHz}:<73 \mathrm{~dB}$ (peak) or $<60 \mathrm{~dB}$ (mean) <br> Radiated emissions <br> 30 to $230 \mathrm{MHz}:<40 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> 230 to $1000 \mathrm{MHz}:<47 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m})$ <br> Measured at a distance of 10 m |


| Performance and Functional Standards |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Category |  |  |  |
| General | IEC 60255-1 |  |  |
| Common requirements | IEC 60255-24 / IEEE C37.111 (COMTRADE) <br> IEEE C37-239 (COMFEDE) |  |  |
| Data Exchange | IEC 60255-27 |  |  |
| Product Safety | IEC 60255-125 |  |  |
| Functional | IEC 60255-127 |  |  |
| Synchronizing | IEC 60255-132 |  |  |
| Under/Over Voltage Protection | IEC 60255-149 |  |  |
| Under/Over Power Protection | IEC 60255-151 |  |  |
| Thermal Protection | IEC 60255-167 |  |  |
| Over/Under Current Protection | IEC 60255-179 |  |  |
| Directional Current Protection | IEC 60255-181 |  |  |
| Reclosing | IEC 60255-185 |  |  |
| Frequency Protection |  |  |  |
| Teleprotection | Compliance with the European Commission <br> Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive is <br> demonstrated according to generic EMC standards <br> European Commission Directives <br> 2004/108/EC |  |  |
| En 61000-6-2 and EN 61000-6-4, and product |  |  |  |
| standard IEC 60255-26. |  |  |  |

[Hardware selection] CU (Central Unit)


## Configurations

| $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | - |  |  | - |  |  |  | - | $\mathbf{C}$ |  | - |  |  | - | $\mathbf{1}$ |  | - |  | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

3 ports + GPS (Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 or 1 CH .)
3 ports + IRIG-B (Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 or 1 CH .)
1 port + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
1 port + GPS + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
1 port + IRIG-B + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
2 ports + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
2 ports + GPS + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
(Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 or 1 CH .)
2 ports + IRIG-B + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
(Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 or 1 CH .)
3 ports + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
(Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 or 1 CH .) 3 ports + GPS + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
(Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 CH .)
3 ports + IRIG-B + connection terminal for external I/O unit (GIO200)
(Note : Selectable when Communication for Protection is 0 CH .)
Selection of Serial and/or Ethernet Communication Port(s)

| 100Base-TX $\times 1$ port (When position $E=1-3$ and $B-D)$ | 3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100Base-FX $\times 1$ port (When position $E=1-3$ and $B-D$ ) | 4 |
| 100Base-TX $\times 2$ ports (When position $E=4-6$ and $E-G$ ) | 5 |
| 100Base-FX $\times 2$ ports (When position $E=4-6$ and $E-G$ ) | 6 |
| RS485 $\times 1$ port +100 Base-TX $\times 1$ port (When position $E=4-6$ and $E-G$ ) | A |
| RS485 $\times 1$ port + 100Base-TX $\times 2$ ports (When position $\mathrm{E}=7-9$ and $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{K}$ ) | B |
| RS485 $\times 1$ port +100 Base-FX $\times 1$ port (When position $E=4-6$ and $E-G$ ) | C |
| RS $485 \times 1$ port +100 Base-FX $\times 2$ ports (When position $E=7-9$ and $H-K$ ) | D |
| Fiber optic (for serial) +100 Base-TX $\times 1$ port (When position $E=4-6$ and $E-G$ ) | E |
| Fiber optic (for serial) + 100Base-TX $\times 2$ ports (When position $\mathrm{E}=7-9$ and $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{K}$ ) | F |
| Fiber optic (for serial) +100 Base-FX $\times 1$ port (When position $E=4-6$ and $E-G$ ) | G |
| Fiber optic (for serial) + 100Base-FX $\times 2$ ports (When position E = 7-9 and H-K) | H |

## Function Block (linked with software selection)

See function table of software selection

[^0]
## Configurations



## Bay Unit

## Application of power system

| (CTx4) for $1 / 3 \times 19 "$ rack | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (CTx4) for $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack | 2 |

## AC Rating

| 50 Hz |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 60 Hz |  |
| 1A |  |
| 5A |  |
| DC Rating |  |
| 110-250 Vdc or 100-220 Vac | 1 |
| $48-110 \mathrm{Vdc}$ | 2 |
| 24-48 Vdc | 3 |

## Outline

| Standard LCD, $1 / 3 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for flush mounting | 1 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Standard LCD, $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for flush mounting | 2 |
| Large LCD, $1 / 3 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for flush mounting | 5 |
| Large LCD, $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for flush mounting | 6 |
| Standard LCD, $1 / 3 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for rack mounting | E |
| Standard LCD, $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for rack mounting | H |
| Large LCD, $1 / 3 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for rack mounting | J |
| Large LCD, $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime \prime}$ rack for rack mounting | L |
| Standard LCD, $1 / 3 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for vertical flush mounting | M |
| Standard LCD, $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for vertical flush mounting | Q |
| Large LCD, $1 / 3 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for vertical flush mounting | R |
| Large LCD, $1 / 2 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ rack for vertical flush mounting |  |

## BI/BO Module

## Refer to Number of BI/BO Table

## BI/BO Terminal Type

| Compression plug type terminal | 0 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ring lug type terminal | 1 |

## Function Block (linked with software selection)

See function table of software selection
Please contact with our sales staffs when you require user configurable models that are not indicated in the ordering sheet above.

## Number of $\mathrm{BI} / \mathrm{BO}$

## BI/BO $1 \times$ I/O module

| Number of BI/BO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ordering No. <br> (Position "A" to <br> "B") | Configuration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ᄃ Ó Ó O | ভ | $\circ$ $\stackrel{\circ}{0}$ $\stackrel{1}{\omega}$ ~ ~ |  | O |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { U } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 7 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | 11 | 1xBIO1 |
| 12 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 2 | - | - | 12 | 1xBIO2 |
| 8 | - | - | - | 6 | - | 2 | - | - | 13 | 1xBIO3 |
| - | 6 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 6 | - | 14 | 1xBIO4 |
| 18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | 1xBI1 |
| - | 12 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16 | 1xBI2 |
| - | - | 32 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17 | $1 \times \mathrm{BI} 3$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Configuration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ZZ | To be specified at ordering |

BI/BO $2 \times \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ module (Set code position " 9 " to other than $1 / 3 \times 19$ " rack - " 1 ", " 5 ", " $\mathrm{E"}$ ", " H ", " L " and "Q")

| Number of BI/BO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ordering No. <br> (Position "A" to "B") | Configuration |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 〒 } \\ & \text { di } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \stackrel{\sim}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ |  | O |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & \stackrel{\text { B }}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| - | - | 32 | - | - | 6 | 12 | - | - | 21 | $1 \times \mathrm{BI} 3+1 \times \mathrm{BO} 1$ |
| 7 | - | 32 | - | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | 22 | $1 \times \mathrm{Bl} 3+1 \times \mathrm{BIO} 1$ |
| 12 | - | 32 | - | - | 3 | 2 | - | - | 23 | $1 \times \mathrm{Bl} 3+1 \times \mathrm{BIO} 2$ |
| 18 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 12 | - | - | 24 | $1 \times \mathrm{Bl} 1+1 \times \mathrm{BO} 1$ |
| 25 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | 25 | $1 \times \mathrm{Bl} 1+1 \times \mathrm{BIO} 1$ |
| 30 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 2 | - | - | 26 | $1 \times \mathrm{Bl} 1+1 \mathrm{xBIO} 2$ |
| 8 | - | - | - | 6 | 6 | 14 | - | - | 27 | $1 \times \mathrm{BO} 1+1 \times \mathrm{BIO} 3$ |
| 15 | - | - | - | 6 | 6 | 6 | - | - | 28 | 1xBIO1+1xBIO3 |
| 7 | - | - | - | - | 12 | 16 | - | - | 29 | $1 \times \mathrm{BO} 1+1 \times \mathrm{BIO} 1$ |
| 16 |  |  |  | 12 |  | 4 |  |  | 2A | 2xBIO3 |
| Other Configuration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ZZ | To be specified at ordering |

BI/BO $3 \times \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ module (Set code position " 9 " to other than $1 / 3 \times 19$ " rack - " 1 ", " 5 ", " $\mathrm{E"}$, " H ", " L " and "Q")


## [Software selection]

## CU (Central Unit)



## [Software selection]

## BU (Bay Unit)


[FUNCTION TABLE]
CU (Central Unit)

| Function Block | Protection function |  | Ordering No. (Position "G \& T") |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 11 | 12 |
| DIF | 87 | Phase-segregated current differential protection | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
|  | CTF | CT failure detection by ld |  |  |
|  | -- | Differential current monitoring |  |  |
| CBF | 50BF | Circuit breaker failure protection | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| EFP | -- | End fault protection | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| COMTP | -- | Command trip function | - | $\bullet$ |
| FS | FS | Fail-safe function (Voltage check function) |  | $\bullet$ |

## [FUNCTION TABLE] <br> BU (Bay Unit)

| Function Block | Protection function |  | Ordering No. (Position "G \& T") |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| DIF | 87 | Phase-segregated current differential protection | - | - | - | - |
|  | CTF | CT failure detection by Id |  |  |  |  |
|  | -- | Differential current monitoring |  |  |  |  |
| CBF | 50BF | Circuit breaker failure protection | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | - | $\bullet$ |
| EFP | -- | End fault protection | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | - | $\bullet$ |
| COMTP | -- | Command trip function | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |
| OC | 50 | Non-directional definite time over-current protection |  | - |  | - |
|  | 51 | Non-directional inverse time over-current protection |  |  |  |  |
| EF | 50N | Non-directional definite time earth fault over-current protection |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |
|  | 51N | Non-directional inverse time earth fault over-current protection |  |  |  |  |
| FS | FS | Fail-safe function (Voltage check function) |  |  | - | - |


(a)Top view

(b)Front view
(c)Side view

(d)Rear view


(e)Panel cut-out

Figure 10 - Dimension and Panel Cut-out - $1 / 1 \times 19^{\prime \prime}$ case size (Central Unit)

(a)Top view

(b)Front view

(d)Rear view

(e)Panel cut-out

Figure 11 - Dimension and Panel Cut-out - $1 / 3 \times 19$ '' case size (Bay unit)


Figure 12 - Dimension and Panel Cut-out - $1 / 2 \times 19$ ' case size (Bay unit)


Figure 13 - Binary input board module for Compression plug type terminal

(*2) Semi-fast BO
(*3) Hybrid BO

Figure 14 - Binary output board module for Compression plug type terminal


Figure 15 - Combined binary input and output module for Compression plug type terminal


Figure 16 - Binary input board module for Ring lug type terminal

(*2) Semi-fast BO
(*3) Hybrid BO

Figure 17 - Binary output board module for Ring lug type terminal


Figure 18 - Combined binary input and output module for Ring lug type terminal

## CT/VT Module



Figure 19 - CT/VT module

CU (Central Unit) - $1 / 1$ size


Figure 20 - Typical external connection diagram (VCT: No.21B x 2, IO: BI1A, BO1A )

## EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS DIAGRAM

BU (Bay Unit) - $1 / 3$ size


Figure 21 - Typical external connection diagram (VCT: No.22B, IO: BIO3A )


Figure 22 - Typical external connection diagram (VCT: No.22B, IO: BI1A, BO1A, BIO3A )

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